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Research paper



Web 2.0-Based Collaborative Learning Framework Promoting Lifelong Learning:Developing Sustainability Competencies

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Abstract

This paper aims to present a Web 2.0-based collaborative Learning framework based on the social constructivist theory promoting lifelong learning. The Web 2.0 provides conditions of collaborative learning, multiple modes and methods of learning and multiple perspective to achieve learning goals. This practical framework under the guidelines of design science research methodology allows learners to actively engage in the learning process, construct own knowledge and use to solve real-world problems collaboratively. Experts reviewed and confirmed the validity of the framework. Three successive iterations, working with 42 students in formal learning and Facebook members in informal learning were conducted to demonstrate and validate how learners started developing critical thinking, selfregulation and use of knowledge. The framework contributes to the practice of lifelong learning with emphasis on developing sustainability competencies that enable learners to gain more skills in applying different problem-solving frameworks to complex daily life problems.

Keywords: design science research methodology; Lifelong learning, Sustainability Competencies; Web 2.0-based Collaborative Learning.

1. Introduction

The lifelong learning policy of the United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) indicated that the education and learning are not limited to, schools or the workplace; they occur throughout life and in a wide array of formal and informal settings. The UNESCO Institute for Lifelong Learning emphasizes on inclusive education and lifelong learning systems which enable learners both within and outside formal systems [1]. The goals of lifelong learning are to enable learners not only to understand problems, but also to contribute to solution efforts [2]. Todays sustainability problems such as, Climate change, poverty and pandemics threaten human-existence [3]. This study's framework for Collaborative learning, promoting lifelong learning in social constructivist e-learning platform contributes educational settings that allows learners to actively engage with real-world sustainability problems[4][5]. The practice based on this study's framework enables learners use their knowledge when they exposure to real-world problems[6,7,8,9,10]. Studies show the main role of education in developing sustainability competencies. They emphasise on structured activities that foster the step-by-step development of key competencies in sustainability[11]. Yet, little attention has been paid to how could facilitate the initial development of such competencies in learners across different disciplines. This article presents an experience-based learning framework based on Design Science Research Methodology (DSRM) guidelines [12] to promote lifelong learning and collaborative learning goals in social constructivist theory and demonstrate a structured framework and action plan for competencies in sustainability.

2. Web 2.0-based Lifelong Learning Framework promoting competencies in sustainability

The Web2.0-based Lifelong Learning Framework in this study has 3 parts, theoretical model, activities for the initial development of sustainability competencies and the practical experience-based framework under the guidelines of Design Science Research Methodology (DSRM) (Figure 1)

2.1 Theoretical model

The instruction's model in social constructivist theory is adopted, but modified from [13]that includes three parts: learning methods, conditions and goals. Using Web 2.0 as information, communication technology (ICT) for collaborative learning(CL) could present conditions of learning in Constructivist theory, complex and relevant learning environments, social negotiation, multiple perspectives and multiple modes of learning, ownership in learning, selfawareness and construction of knowledge. These conditions of instruction provide good opportunities to achieve lifelong learning (LLL) goals, critical thinking, self-regulation and use of knowledge. The competencies in sustainability are considered as another goal in instruction model because this study, plans to ap-



ply activities for the initial development of sustainability competencies in pedagogical strategy. Facebook as a web 2.0 tool and Telegram a cloud-based messenger were considered for collaborative learning that allow people from every corner of the world interact with each other and share own knowledge and key issues related to global realities and sustainable development themes from many disciplines. This is in line with 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development that is considered for nowadays global village [14].

2.2 Action plan for sustainability competencies

This study considered collaborative learning and social negotiation as methods of instruction to promote lifelong learning. Then, determined critical thinking(understanding multiple perspectives, reasoning), self-regulation (constructing own knowledge, ownership in learning) and use of knowledge (practice in web 2.0 artifacts and use in real life, practical learning) as constructs of LLL[15][16][17]. Furthermore, this study designed practical activities for all goals of instruction, considering defined constructs with high priority on Competencies in sustainability (Figure 1). This framework has been used for training in class and teach students how to practice the collaborative learning and use of knowledge for solving the problems. The pedagogical strategies and instructional design of Facebook in this study emphasis on Inquiry based learning, reasoning and sharing information with reliable references to promote learners' critical thinking. Facebook as an online social networking service, has various characteristics, which fit well with the Social Constructivist teaching[18][19]. In addition, research and team work in this study help independent learning and self-regulation that provide good conditions for lifelong learning. The Facebook and Telegram groups in this study could support communication and collaboration in order to promote lifelong learning [20]

2.3 Experience-based DSRM

The experience-based design science framework is adapted from [21] study that appeared in Management Information Systems Quarterly (MISQ) in March 2004. This framework is used for iterative design-evaluation of Web 2.0-based CL and user testing. Designing the information technology (IT) artifacts requires a scientific foundation that the rigor cycle bridges this scientific foundation with the design cycle. The social constructivist theory in this study supports all design process that was explained in the theoretical model. The design cycle is connected to the environment for finding the problems and getting feedback

for refining the design process. This help learners actively engage with real-world problems and supports the development of sustainability competencies better than theory-based methodology. The framework interweaves activities with theoretical and methodological inputs as well as with reflections and discussions. (Figure 1)

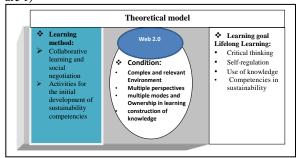


Fig. 1: Web 2.0-based Lifelong Learning Framework

Table 1: Validity evaluation of Framework					
	Activities	for the initial development of goals			
1	\triangleright	Inquiry-based learning			
ng	\succ	Problem-solving			
	\succ	Learning through examples			
	\triangleright	Learning by reasoning			
egulation	\succ	To help students learn through their			
-	own ogon	an investigation and construction own			

	¥	Learning by reasoning			
Self-regulation	\triangleright	To help students learn through their			
	own agency, investigation and construction ow				
	knowledge				
	\succ	Self assessment, to continually evalu-			
	ate and further motivate one's actions				
CL, and Use of	\succ	Learning by doing			
knowledge	To understand and reflect on the				
promoting life	norms and values that underlie one's actions				
long learning	\succ	Research and team work			
	\succ	CL with empathy ,practicing self-			
	control and endurance				
	\succ	Social negotiation and presents own			
	ideas and exchange diverse beliefs				
Sustainable	\succ	Problem-solving, to find the best solu-			
competencies	tion for sustainability problems				
	\succ	Collaboration and team work to apply			
	solutions	to sustainability problems			
	\succ	To reflect on own role in Sustainabil-			
	ity issues and share experiences and knowledge				
	with groups and communities specially via Web				
	2.0 based-CL artifact				

3. Validity of Framework

Goals Critical

thinkin

The validity evaluation of this study's framework was conducted in the two parts: The evaluation of theoretical framework with expert review and instantiation validity in three cycles of designevaluation.

This study created a Facebook page and groups for collaborative learning and social negotiation and designed based on this study Framework(figure 1). Then developed artifact was applied in two courses in Kulliyyah of Information and Communication Technology (KICT) and 42 students from two courses conducted a formative assessment of the artifact. The students and experts highly rated developed Web 2.0 based CL and use of the artifact with training, well changed their perception. Instructor-student interaction increased the engagement of students in CL,but there are some problems such as students' personal problems or their culture that affect the CL process. The findings show there are urgent needs for more practice and instructors engagement in Web 2.0-based CL process.

Finally, the effectiveness of artifact in acquisition of sustainability competencies was evaluated. The findings from participant observation show the effective role of the developed artifact in motivating learners to engage with sustainable development goals.In communication step of study, developed artifact was demonstrated to the Iranian Telegram groups. The group research about sustainability was conducted in local contexts.We created the "Environmental Protection Campaign" in telegram groups and taking photos of waste separation and sharing in different groups increased engagement of others in our campaign. With collaboration and social negotiation, we found innovative solutions to Waste separation and collection for recycling (Table 1).

Evaluation phase	Questions	Design Process	Overall Results
Theoritical model	What is the artifact? How is the artifact represented? What is experts' perception about arti- fact?	Web 2.0 based CL (artifact) Representa- tion to : Experts in IIUM , Face to Face and on FB Iranian Ex- perts, Face to	The artifact success- fully was represented and experts confirmed its validity

		Face and on Telegram		4.
Instantiation	How the utility, quali- ty and effec- tiveness of artifact are measured in 3 iterative cycles? What design improve- ments are identified during each design cycle	The integra- tion of teach- ing strategy and activities according developed framework to artifact The integra- tion of sus- tainability concepts and issues instructor- student inter- action in- creased the effectiveness of CL ,but there are some prob- lems such as students per- sonal prob- lems , their culture and so on , that show needs for more practice and instructors engagement .	 Confirmation the utility, Quality and effectiveness of artifact and emphasis on its CL potential. The students highly rated the effectiveness of artifact to achieve goals artifact and use of artifact with training well changed their perception. 	The construction of the co
Competen- cies in sustainability	How artifact is effective in acquisition of sustainability competencies	More interac- tion with Iranian Tele- gram groups and conduct- ing group research about sustainability in local con- texts We created the Environ- mental Pro- tection Cam- paign in telrgram group and taking photos of waste separation and sharing in different groups in- creased en- gagement of others in our campaign With collabo- ration and social nego- tiation we found innova- tive solusions to Waste separation and collection for recycling	Acquisition of sustainability com- petencies	

4. Conclusions

he research was iterative cycles of design-evaluation that enompassed a preliminary investigation in the theoretical model of nstruction and an active approach in using innovative Web 2.0ased collaborative learning for motivating learners to engage ith social constructivist and sustainable development goals. The rtifact includes methods of collaborative learning and social neotiation and action plan for defining theory into practice. This ction plan supports the development of Lifelong Learning goals nd sustainable competencies. Facebook as a web 2.0 tool and elegram a cloud-based messenger were considered as delivery ools in this study. Although this study intentionally designed and eveloped the artifact for two courses it could be used in other ourses, levels and learners as well as could be applied in the aplication domain. This study has presented valid and accurate neoretical model for lifelong learning and implement them practially with iterative cycles of design-evaluation based on the SRM. The framework that is presented in this article can be a ood example for further studies to transfer experience-based earning activities in different educational contexts as well as in eal-world with high priority on sustainability.

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